

# Cambridge International AS & A Level

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**HISTORY****9489/33**

Paper 3 Interpretations question

**May/June 2024****MARK SCHEME**Maximum Mark: 40

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**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of **9** printed pages.

**Generic Marking Principles**

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptions for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:**

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:**

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:**

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:**

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:**

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

**GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:**

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

**General levels of response**

Process for awarding marks:












- Markers review the answer against the AO4 marking criteria, and award a mark according to these criteria.
- Generally, the subsequent mark awarded for AO1 will be the same level. In exceptional cases, markers could award marks in different levels for the two AOs. This is because the ability to recall, select and deploy relevant historical material will be central to any effective analysis and evaluation of the interpretation.
- Responses that focus on contextual knowledge without reference to the interpretation cannot be rewarded.


Underlining is used in this mark scheme to indicate the main interpretation of the extracts.

<b>AO4</b>	<b>Analyse and evaluate how aspects of the past have been interpreted and represented.</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Level 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses use the extract in a detailed and accurate manner and demonstrate a complete understanding of the interpretation and of the approach(es) used by the historian in reaching this interpretation.</li> <li>These responses explain all elements of the historian's interpretation.</li> </ul>	<b>18–20</b>
Level 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses use the extract in a detailed and accurate manner and demonstrate a sound understanding of the interpretation and of the approach(es) used by the historian in reaching this interpretation.</li> <li>These responses engage with elements of the historian's interpretation, but without explaining it as a whole – they are consistent and accurate, but not complete and may cover less important sub-messages.</li> </ul>	<b>15–17</b>
Level 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses use the extract, but only demonstrate partial understanding of the interpretation and approach(es) of the historian.</li> <li>These answers identify elements of the historian's interpretation, but without adequately explaining them, typically explaining other less important message(s) as equally or more important.</li> </ul>	<b>12–14</b>
Level 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses demonstrate understanding that the extract contains interpretations, but those explained are only sub-messages.</li> <li>Responses may use a part of the extract to argue for an interpretation that is not supported by the whole of the extract, or may refer to multiple interpretations, often a different one in each paragraph.</li> </ul>	<b>9–11</b>
Level 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses summarise the main points in the extract.</li> <li>Responses focus on what the extract says, but explanations of the extract as an interpretation lack validity.</li> </ul>	<b>5–8</b>
Level 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Responses include references to some aspects of the extract.</li> <li>Responses may include fragments of material that are relevant to the historian's interpretation.</li> </ul>	<b>1–4</b>
Level 0	No creditable content.	<b>0</b>

<b>AO1</b>	<b>Recall, select and deploy historical knowledge appropriately and effectively.</b>	<b>Marks</b>
Level 6	Demonstrates detailed and accurate historical knowledge that is entirely relevant.	<b>18–20</b>
Level 5	Demonstrates detailed and mostly accurate historical knowledge that is mainly relevant.	<b>15–17</b>
Level 4	Demonstrates mostly relevant and accurate knowledge.	<b>12–14</b>
Level 3	Demonstrates generally accurate and relevant knowledge.	<b>9–11</b>
Level 2	Demonstrates some accurate and relevant knowledge.	<b>5–8</b>
Level 1	Demonstrates limited knowledge.	<b>1–4</b>
Level 0	Demonstrates no relevant historical knowledge.	<b>0</b>

**Annotation symbols**

	EXP	Explanation (an explained valid point)
	Tick	Detail/evidence is used to support the point
	Plus	Balanced – Considers the other view
	?	Unclear
	AN	Analysis
	^	Unsupported assertion
	K	Knowledge
	EVAL	Evaluation
	NAR	Lengthy narrative that is not answering the question
	Extendable Wavy Line	Use with other annotations to show extended issues or narrative
	Horizontal Wavy Line	Factual error

	JU	Judgement
ID	ID	Identifying a factor in (a) responses
SIM	SIM	Similarity identified
DIFF	DIFF	Difference identified
N/A	Highlighter	Highlight a section of text
N/A	On-page comment	Allows comments to be entered in speech bubbles on the candidate response.

**Using the annotations**

- Annotate using the symbols above as you read through the script.
- At the end of each question write a short on-page comment:
  - be positive – say what the candidate has done, rather than what they have not
  - reference the attributes of the level descriptor you are awarding (i.e. make sure your comment matches the mark you have given)
  - be careful with your spelling

Question	Answer	Marks
1	<p><b>The Origins of the First World War</b></p> <p><b>Interpretation/Approach</b></p> <p>The main interpretation is <u>that Germany followed an aggressive world policy in order to maintain the power of its traditional elites, and when this policy failed it had no option left but to resort to war.</u> Showing complete understanding of the Interpretation will involve discussion of both these aspects. The historian argues that Germany went to war because of the internal problems it faced; to its elites there seemed no alternative but war if the Kaiser's regime was to survive. In blaming Germany for the war, but seeing it as weak and vulnerable, rather than aggressive and expansionist, this may be seen by candidates as a post-Fischer account.</p> <p><u>Glossary:</u> Early post-WW1 interpretations tended to blame Germany, but quickly a reaction against this occurred, with a variety of interpretations blaming other nations. This may be termed revisionism. The turning point in the historiography was Fischer's work of the early 1960s which went back to blaming Germany – sometimes known as anti-revisionism. Since then, there has been a vast variety of interpretations, looking at the importance of culture, individuals, contingent factors etc., with no clear consensus, though most historians would still place a significant burden of responsibility on Germany.</p>	40

Question	Answer	Marks
2	<p><b>The Holocaust</b></p> <p><b>Interpretation/Approach</b></p> <p>The main interpretation is <u>that bystanders (the West) are blamed for (i) not being more sympathetic to the fate of the Jews, and (ii) not doing more to help</u>. Showing complete understanding of the Interpretation will involve discussion of both these aspects. This is an interpretation that is about bystanders. It argues that, although the facts were known, the reality of genocide was not fully grasped. However, the main reason why the Allies took no effective action to stop the Holocaust was that it was seen as a low priority, certainly compared with the task of winning the war. Unlike some historians who have argued that effective action to help the Jews was impossible, this account suggests that, particularly in the later stages of the war, it would have been possible to save many lives.</p> <p>Answers in L5 and L6 will be <i>explicit</i> about the historian attributing blame. If blame is clearly argued but with no separate explanations of the two aspects of the interpretation, then L5. In L4 the blame will be <i>implicit</i>, in that the historian will be demonstrating blameworthiness rather than attributing blame (either attitudes or actions is sufficient). L3 is sub-messages only. This is not an extract about causation of the Holocaust, and use of historiographical labels to describe the historian's approach will not therefore be appropriate. Insistence on such labels will be evidence of misunderstanding and will prevent answers achieving Levels 5 and 6.</p> <p><u>Glossary</u>: Candidates may use some/all of the following terms: <i>Intentionalism</i> – interpretations which assume that Hitler/the Nazis planned to exterminate the Jews from the start. <i>Structuralism</i> – interpretations which argue that it was the nature of the Nazi state that produced genocide. There was no coherent plan but the chaotic competition for Hitler's approval between different elements of the leadership produced a situation in which genocide could occur. <i>Functionalism</i> sees the Holocaust as an unplanned, ad hoc response to wartime developments in Eastern Europe, when Germany conquered areas with large Jewish populations. Candidates may also refer to <i>synthesis</i> interpretations, i.e. interpretations which show characteristics of more than one of the above. What counts is how appropriate the use of this kind of terminology is in relation to the extract, and how effectively the extract can be used to support it.</p>	40



Question	Answer	Marks
3	<p><b>The Origins and Development of the Cold War</b></p> <p><b>Interpretation/Approach</b></p> <p>The main interpretation is <u>that the United States is blamed for (i) its hostility to the Left in post-war Europe, and (ii) for unnecessarily seeing the USSR as a threat</u>. Showing complete understanding of the interpretation will involve discussion of both these aspects. The historian argues that the collapse of pre-war social systems in Western Europe raised the possibility of revolutionary social change which the USA and Britain would be bound to oppose. It seemed self-evident to the USA that the Soviet Union would be supporting such revolutionary groups, even though in fact it had no control over them. For the USA, though, the behaviour of the Soviets in Eastern Europe simply confirmed its fear of a revolutionary Left, which threatened to prevent the US achieving the outcome it wanted from the war. Answers that perceive the historian's approach as revisionist can reach L5/L6. It is hard to see any other label being argued effectively as little blame is attached to the Soviets, who are seen as weak and not in control of revolutionary groups in Western Europe. Post-revisionist could be L4 if blame on the USA was properly argued, but traditional/orthodox or post-post-revisionist will be a maximum of L3.</p> <p><u>Glossary:</u> <i>Traditional/Orthodox</i> interpretations of the Cold War were generally produced early after WW2. They blame the Soviet Union and Stalin's expansionism for the Cold War. <i>Revisionist</i> historians challenged this view and shifted more of the focus onto the United States, generally through an economic approach which stressed the alleged aim of the US to establish its economic dominance over Europe. <i>Post-revisionists</i> moved towards a more balanced view in which elements of blame were attached to both sides. Since the opening of the Soviet archives post-1990 there has been a shift to attributing prime responsibility to Stalin – a <i>post-post-revisionist</i> stance which often seems very close to the traditional view, but which often places great importance on ideology. What counts is how appropriate the use of this kind of terminology is in relation to the extract, and how effectively the extract can be used to support it.</p>	40